

## SYLLABUS

**MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY, TIRUNELVELI-12**

**M. Phil. PHYSICS**

(For all affiliated Colleges)

(Curriculum Effective From July 2018 Onwards)

<b>Semester-I</b>				
<b>Part</b>	<b>Subject Status</b>	<b>Subject Title</b>	<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>Credit</b>
1	Core 1	Research and Teaching Methodology	PPHC11	4
2	Core 2	Advanced Physics	PPHC12	4
3	Elective Papers (any One )	Materials Science	PPHO11	4
4		Nano materials	PPHO12	4
5		Space Physics	PPHO13	4
6		Crystal Growth	PPHO14	4
7		Thin Film	PPHO15	4
8		Electronic Structure Calculation	PPHO16	4
9		Nonlinear Dynamics	PPHO17	4
10		Medical Physics	PPHO18	4
11		Radiation Physics	PPHO19	4
12		Alternative Energy Conversion Devices	PPHO1A	4
13		Lasers and Applications	PPHO1B	4

<b>Semester-II</b>				
<b>Subject Status</b>	<b>Subject Title</b>		<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>Credit</b>
1		Project and viva voce	PPHC2D	12



# PAPER – 1: RESEARCH AND TEACHING METHODOLOGY

## **Preamble:**

To introduce the knowledge on research. This paper provides a broad knowledge on methods of research, problem solving and analytical techniques

## **Unit - I:**

### **Research Methodology**

Methods of Research and Methodology of Research – Types of Research – Selection of Research Topic and Problem – Literature survey – Reference collection – Internet and its applications – Infilibnet - Accessing the current status – Mode of Approach – Actual Investigation – Results and Conclusion – Presenting a paper in a Scientific Seminar – - Art of writing a Research Paper – Layout of M.Phil. Dissertation

## **Unit - II:**

### **Statistical Methods and Simulations**

Statistical description of data: Mean, Variance, Skewness, Median, Mode; Distributions: Binomial, Poisson, Gaussian – Student's t-test and chi-square test - Simulation studies ( theory only): Generation of uniform random numbers by Park - Miller method – Gaussian random number generation – Box-Muller method – Basic ideas of Monte-Carlo method – Evaluation of definite integrals and value of  $\pi$ .

## **Unit – III:**

### **Numerical Methods**

Curve fitting: straight line and exponential, Numerical integration: Composite Trapezoidal rule, Interpolation: Newton's forward and backward interpolation – Numerical integration – Ordinary differential equation: Fourth order Runge-Kutta method – Eigen value problem

## **Unit – IV:**

### **Analytical Techniques**

Analytical techniques – X - Ray Diffraction – SEM and TEM techniques – XPS – TG-DTA – Hall measurement – VSM and EDAX

## **Unit – V:**

### **Methodology of Teaching**

Teaching – Objectives of Teaching, Phases of Teaching – Teaching Methods: Lecture Method, Discussion Method, Discovery Learning, Inquiry, Problem Solving Method, Project Method, Seminar – Integrating ICT in Teaching: Individualised Instruction, Ways for Effective Presentation with Power Point – Documentation – Evaluation: Formative, Summative & Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation – Later Adolescent Psychology: Meaning, Physical, Cognitive, Emotional, Social and



Moral Development – Teaching Later Adolescents.

### Books for Study and References

1. J. Anderson, B.H. Durstan and M.Poole, Thesis and Assignment Writing ( Wiley Eastern, New Delhi,1977 )
2. Rajammal P. Devadas, A Handbook of Methodology of Research ( S.R.K. Vidyalaya Press, Chennai, 1976 )
3. G.B.Arffen and H.J.Weber, Mathematical Methods for Physicists (Academic Press,2005)
4. C.R.Kothari, Research methodology methods and techniques
5. Vijaya How to teach science
6. J A Belk: Electron Microscopy and Microanalysis of Crystalline Materials ( Applied Science Publishers), 1979.
7. K.P.N. Murthy, Monte - Carlo Basics ( ISRP, Kalpakkam, 2000 )
8. K.P.N. Murthy: Monte-Carlo Methods ( University Press, 2004 )
9. Louis A. Pipes and Lawrence R. Harvill: Mathematical Physics for Engineers and Physicists ( McGraw Hill International, Singapore, 1971 )
10. Hobart H. Willard, Lynne L. Merritt, Jr., and John A. Dean, Instrumental Methods of Analysis
11. Sampath K, Panneerselvam, A & Santhanam S (1984). Introduction to educational technology. (2nd revised ed.) New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
12. Sharma. SR (2003) Effective classroom teaching modern methods, tools & techniques. Jaipur: Mangal Deep
13. Vendanayagam EG (1989). Teaching technology for college teachers. New York: Sterling Publishers.



## **Paper - 2:**

### **ADVANCED PHYSICS**

#### **Preamble:**

To impart knowledge on various materials of technological importance. To make the students learn the basics of quantum mechanical calculations, nanomaterials, thin films, environmental physics and biophysics

#### **Unit - I:**

##### **Quantum Mechanical Calculations**

Molecular orbital theory - Basis set – Electronic structure methods – Semi empirical methods – Ab initio methods - density functional theory methods – Z-matrix - geometry optimization – Harmonic Vibrational analysis – Atoms in molecules charges and bond order – Potential energy surface – Mulliken population analysis – Vibrational circular dichroism intensities – Softwares: MOPAC, Gaussian.

#### **Unit - II:**

##### **Nanomaterials**

Nanomaterials: Salient features – Different methods of fabrication – Physical and chemical methods - Characterisation – Effect of size on various physical properties – Applications – Quantum wells, wires, dots – Fullerenes – Nanotubes – Carbon Nanotubes

#### **Unit - III:**

##### **Thin Films**

Thin films - Fundamentals and Salient features – Different methods of preparation – Solution growth - Spray Pyrolysis – Electrodeposition - Thermal evaporation – Flash evaporation – Electron beam evaporation – Thickness measurement method – Applications of thin films.

#### **Unit - IV:**

##### **Environmental Physics**

UV radiation impact on human health – Ozone formation – Depletion of Ozone layer – Conservation methods – Montreal Protocol – Effect of Nuclear Radiation - Radioactive Pollution – IR radiation and its effect – Green house effect – Global warming – Impact of microwave radiation.

#### **Unit - V:**

##### **Biophysics**

Molecular alphabets of life (Amino acids, nucleic acid bases, saccharides and lipids) – Roles of biomolecules in biological functions – Geometry of biomolecules – Conformation and Configuration – Lennard-Jones potential – Basis of molecular interactions – Various bonds involved in structural stabilization of biomolecules



### **Books for Study and References**

1. Rodney Cotterill: Biophysics: An Introduction ( John Wiley & Sons ), 2003.
2. G. Cao: Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications, (Imperial College Press ), 2004.
3. B.D. Cullity: Elements of X-ray diffraction, (Addison – Wesley, London ), second edition, 1977.
4. A.Goswami: Thin film fundamentals ( New Age international (P) Ltd., New Delhi), 2006. Charles P. Poole Jr and Frank J. Owens : Introduction to Nanotechnology, ( John Wiley & Sons ), 2003.
5. Vasantha Pattabhi, Gautham N: Biophysics ( Narosa Publishing House, 2ndEdition), 2011



## **Paper - 3(a): MATERIALS SCIENCE**

### **Preamble:**

To expose the students with theoretical aspects of materials science. To provide the knowledge about phase diagrams, mechanical properties, ceramics, polymers, plastics and crystals.

### **Unit – I:**

#### **Phase Diagrams**

Solid solutions and intermediate phases – Equilibrium phase diagrams, Cu-Ni, Pb-Sn, Al-Cu system phase diagrams – Free energy and equilibrium phase diagrams – Nucleation and growth – Martensitic transformation – Strengthening mechanisms – Iron-Carbon system – Alloy steels – Aluminium-Copper system – Copper-Zinc system – Corrosion

### **Unit - II:**

#### **Mechanical Properties**

Stress- Strain curve – Elastic deformation: Characteristics, Atomic mechanism, Shear stress, Bulk modulus, Strain energy, Strain deformation – Viscous deformation: Spring-Dashpot models – Anelastic and Viscoelastic deformation: Viscoelastic models – Plastic deformation: Dislocations and Stress-strain curves, Plasticity theory – Fracture: Ideal fracture, Brittle fracture, Fracture mechanics, Cohesive models, Ductile fracture – Mechanical testing

### **Unit - III:**

#### **Ceramics**

Structure of ceramics – Production of ceramics: Raw materials, Forming and Post-forming processes – Production of glass: Melting of glass, Glass forming and annealing – Mechanical properties of ceramics – Wear and erosion resistance – Thermal shock – Silica-Alumina system – Commercial systems: Zirconia, Sialones, Cement and Concrete

### **Unit - IV:**

#### **Polymers and Plastics**

Molecular structure: Monomers & Polymers, Synthesis, Molecular weight measurement, Branching & Tacticity, Copolymers and blend – Mechanics of polymer chain: Freely jointed chains, Entanglements, Rubber elasticity – Thermoplastic melts: Viscosity, Shear thinning, Processing, Extrusion – Amorphous polymers: Solidification, glass transition, Various models – Crystalline polymers – Crosslinked polymers: Elastomers, Thermosets – Liquid crystal polymers – Mechanical properties: Stress-Strain behaviour – Chemical properties



**Unit - V:****Crystals**

Crystal growth from solution – Melt growth techniques: Bridgman method, Czochralski crystal pulling technique, Crystal growth from Vapour phase – Crystal Imperfections – Point defects: Vacancies, interstitials, Impurities, electronic defects – Line defects: Edge dislocation, Screw dislocation – Surface defects: Grain boundaries, Tilt boundaries, Twin boundaries, Stacking faults, Ferromagnetic domain walls – Volume defects: Cracks, Voids

**Books for Study and References**

1. J.C.Anderson, K.D.Leaver, P. Leever and R.D.Rowlings, Materials Science for Engineers, Nelson Thomas Ltd, First Indian reprint, 2010
2. M.Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Agencies, Publishers, Second Edition, Fifth Reprint, 2005
3. R,Balasubramaniam, Materials Science and Engineering, Wiley India (P) Ltd, 2010
4. V.Raghavan, Materials Science for Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd, 2006



## **Paper - 3(b): NANOMATERIALS**

### **Preamble:**

To felicitates the knowledge on nanomaterials. To make the students understanding the fundamental aspects of nanomaterials, synthesis, nanostructures, properties and characterization techniques

### **Unit-I:**

#### **Synthesis**

Sol-Gel and Precipitation technologies - Ball milling - RF plasma - Combustion Flame -Chemical Vapor Condensation process – Electrodeposition - Laser synthesis - Gas phase condensation - Sonochemical.

### **Unit-II:**

#### **Nanostructures**

Preparation of quantum nanostructures: Preparation - Size and Dimensionality Effects –Excitations - Single-Electron Tunneling - Applications. Nanomachines and Nano devices: Micoelectrochemical systems – Nano electrochemical systems - Molecular and Super molecular switches.

### **Unit-III:**

#### **Properties**

Properties of Individual Nanoparticles: Metal Nanoclusters – Semiconducting Nanoparticles - Rare Gas and Molecular clusters. Bulk Nanostructured Materials: Solid disordered Nanostructure - Nanostructured crystals.

### **Unit - IV:**

#### **Characterization Techniques**

Structural: Powder XRD & particle size determination, Neutron diffraction; Spectroscopic: X-ray Photoelectron ( XPS ), Photoluminescence, Impedance and Energy Dispersive X-ray ( EDAX ) spectroscopy.

### **Unit - V:**

#### **Characterization Techniques**

Thermal: Differential Thermal Analysis ( DTA ), Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC); Microscopic: Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM); Electrical and Magnetic: Four - probe method, Vibrating sample Magnetometer.

### **Books for Study and Reference**

1. Evgenij Barsoukov and J. Ross Macdonald : Impedance Spectroscopy : Theory, Experiment and Applications, ( John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, second edition), 2005.





2. G. Cao: Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications, ( Imperial College Press ), 2004.
3. Koch CC, Nanostructured Materials processing, properties and potential applications, Williams Andrew Publishing, Noyes, 2002
4. Pavia, Lampman, Kriz and Vyvyan, Spectroscopy, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd., 2011.
5. Willard, Merritt, Dean and Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis. CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi, 1986.
6. J.Ross McDonald, Impedance Spectroscopy Emphasizing solid materials and systems, John Wiley & sons, New York, 1996.
7. T. Pradeep, NANO: The Essentials, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
8. Charles P. Poole Jr & Frank J. Owens, Introduction to Nanotechnology, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
9. Jackie Y.Ying, Nanostructured Materials, Academic Press, USA, 2001.



## **Paper – 3(c): SPACE PHYSICS**

### **Preamble:**

To enlighten the students with the concepts of space physics. To make the students understanding the concepts of remote sensing of earth's climate system, space and plasma physics, space weather, introduction to magneto hydrodynamics, x-ray astronomy

### **Unit – I:**

#### **Remote Sensing of Earth's Climate System**

Remote sensing of earth's climate system- requirements for remote sensing of climate system- methodology- constrains- basic concept of remote sensing- surface factors- atmospheric factors- instrumental factors- using reflected sunlight- global vegetation remote sensing- using thermal emission- global sea surface temperature measurement- radar altimetry- surface effects- atmospheric effects- ocean and ice monitoring by radar altimetry.

### **Unit - II:**

#### **Space and Plasma Physics**

Basic plasma physics- principle- application- space plasma- the frozen in-flux- MHD plasma waves- solar wind and IMF- collision less shocks- bow shocks- shock jumps- shock structure- shock acceleration- magnetic reconnection- terrestrial magnetosphere- closed, open and flux transfer events- storms , sub storms- solar wind interaction with ionosphere- planets- insulator bodies(moon)- comets.

### **Unit – III:**

#### **Space Weather**

Space weather- structure of sun- solar cycle- solar activity- coronal heating. The solar wind- wind- Aurora- Auroral sub storms- co-rotating interaction region (CIR)- solar flares- the ionosphere- solar energetic particle events(SEP)- coronal mass ejections(CME) and geomagnetic storms- Halo CME's- interplanetary CME's- magnetic clouds.

### **Unit - IV:**

#### **Introduction to Magneto Hydrodynamics**

Maxwell's equations in MHD- magnetic Reynold's number- Alfven speed- plasma beta parameter- force free magnetic field- magnetic buoyancy- magneto sttic equilibrium- magnetic reconnection- current sheet- acoustic waves- Alfven waves compressional Alfven waves- magneto acoustic waves- inertial waves.

### **Unit – V:**

#### **X-Ray Astronomy**

Origin of X-rays astronomy- X-ray binaries- black hole- neutron stars- pulsars-



white dwarfs- clusters of galaxies.

### **Books for Study and References**

1. Thomas E Cravens, Physics of Solar System Plasma, ( Cambridge University Press ), 1997.
2. . Thomas I Gombosi, Physics for Space Environment, ( Cambridge University Press ), 2004.
3. Louise K Hara and Keith O Mason, Space Science, ( University of London, World Scientific Publishing Co.), 2004.
4. Margaret G Kivelson and Christopher T Russell, Introduction to Space Physics, ( Cambridge University Press ), 1995.



## Paper – 3(d) : CRYSTAL GROWTH

### Preamble:

To introduce the knowledge on crystal growth and characterization. To expose the students with theories of nucleation & crystal growth, crystal growth from various techniques such as, solution, melt and vapour phase and their characterization.

### Unit – I:

#### Fundamentals of Crystal Growth

Importance of crystal growth – Classification of crystal growth methods – Basic steps: Generation, transport and adsorption of growth reactants – Nucleation: Kinds of nucleation – Classical theory of nucleation: Gibbs Thomson equations for vapour and solution – Kinetic theory of nucleation – Becker and Doring concept on nucleation rate – Energy of formation of a spherical nucleus – Statistical theory on nucleation: Equilibrium concentration of critical nuclei, Free energy of formation.

### Unit – II:

#### Theories of Crystal Growth

An introductory note to Surface energy theory, Diffusion theory and Adsorption layer theory – Concepts of Volmer theory, Bravais theory, Kossel theory and Stranski's treatment – Two-dimensional nucleation theory: Free energy of formation, Possible shapes and Rate of nucleation – Mononuclear, Polynuclear and Birth and Spread models – Modified Birth and Spread model – Crystal growth by mass transfer processes: Burton, Cabrera and Frank (BCF) bulk diffusion model, Surface diffusion growth theory.

### Unit – III:

#### Experimental Crystal Growth-Part-I: Melt Growth Techniques

Basics of melt growth – Heat and mass transfer – Conservative growth processes: Bridgman-Stockbarger method – Czochralski pulling method – Kyropoulos method – Non-conservative processes: Zone-refining – Vertical and horizontal float zone methods – Skull melting method – Vernueil flame fusion method.

### Unit – IV:

#### Experimental Crystal Growth-Part-II: Solution Growth Techniques

Growth from low temperature solutions: Selection of solvents and solubility – Meir's solubility diagram – Saturation and supersaturation – Metastable zone width – Growth by restricted evaporation of solvent, slow cooling of solution and temperature gradient methods – Crystal growth in Gel media: Chemical reaction and solubility reduction methods – Growth from high temperature solutions: Flux growth Principles of flux method – Choice of flux – Growth by slow evaporation and slow cooling methods – Hydrothermal growth method.



**Unit –V:****Experimental Crystal Growth-Part-Iii: Vapour Growth Techniques**

Basic principles – Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD): Vapour phase crystallization in a closed system – Gas flow crystallization – Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD): Advantageous and disadvantageous – Growth by chemical vapour transport reaction: Transporting agents, Sealed capsule method, Open flow systems – Temperature variation method: Stationary temperature profile, Linearly time varying temperature profile and Oscillatory temperature profile.

**Books for Study and Reference**

1. 'Crystal Growth Processes' by J.C. Brice, 1986, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
2. 'Crystallization' by J.W. Mullin, 2004, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, London.
3. 'Crystal Growth: Principles and Progress' by A.W. Vere, 1987, Plenum Press, New York.
4. 'Crystals: Growth, Morphology and Perfection' by Ichiro Sunagawa, 2005, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
5. 'Crystal Growth' by B.R. Pamplin, 1975, Pergamon Press, Oxford.



## **PAPER – 3 (e): THIN FILM**

### **Preamble:**

To expose the students with knowledge of understanding the basic preparation and to get knowledge about the various properties of thin films. To make the understand the preparation and various necessary techniques used for analyzing the thin films

### **Unit- I:**

#### **Preparation of Thin Films**

Spray pyrolytic process – characteristic feature of the spray pyrolytic process – ion plating – Vacuum evaporation – Evaporation theory – The construction and use of vapour sources – sputtering Methods of sputtering – Reactive sputtering – RF sputtering - DC planar magnetron sputtering .

### **Unit - II:**

#### **Thickness Measurement and Nucleation and Growth in Thin Film**

Thickness measurement: electrical methods – optical interference methods – multiple beam interferometry – Fizeau – FECO methods – Quartz crystal thickness monitor. Theories of thin film nucleation – Four stages of film growth incorporation of defects during growth.

### **Unit - III:**

#### **Electrical Properties of Metallic Thin Films**

Sources of resistivity in metallic conductors – sheet resistance - Temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) – influence of thickness on resistivity – Hall effect and magneto resistance – Annealing – Agglomeration and oxidation.

### **Unit - IV:**

#### **Transport Properties of Semiconducting and Insulating Films**

Semiconducting films ; Theoretical considerations - Experimental results – Photoconduction – Field effect thin films – transistors, Insulation films Dielectric properties – dielectric losses – Ohmic contacts – Metal – Insulator and Metal – metal contacts – DC and AC conduction mechanism

### **Unit - V:**

#### **Optical Properties of Thin Films and Thin Films Solar Cells**

Thin films optics –Theory – Optical constants of thin films – Experimental techniques – Multilayer optical system – interference filters – Antireflection coating ,Thin films solar cells : Role, Progress , and production of thin solar cells – Photovoltaic parameter, Thin film silicon (Poly crystalline) solar cells : current status of bulk silicon solar cells – Fabrication technology – Photo voltaic performance : Emerging solar cells : GaAs and CuInSe.



**Books for study and reference**

1. Hand book of Thin films Technology: L I Maissel and R Clang .
2. Thin film Phenomena : K L Chopra .
3. Physics of thin films, vol. 12 , Ed George Hass and others .
4. Thin films solar cells – K L Chopra and S R Das .
5. Thin films processes – J L vilsan
6. vacuum deposition of thin films – L Holland .
7. The use of thin films in physical investigation – J C Anderson.
8. Thin films technology – Berry, Koil and Harri



## **PAPER – 3(f): ELECTRONIC STRUCTURE CALCULATION**

### **Preamble:**

To introduce knowledge on electronic structure calculation. To make the students to understand basic concepts, various analysis on natural bond Orbitals, normal coordinates and different experimental methods

### **Unit – I:**

#### **FTIR Raman Spectra**

Normal modes of vibration – Group frequencies – Origin of Infrared and Raman spectra – Infrared and Raman activity – IR and Raman spectral characteristics – FTIR and Raman spectra and their interpretation – Factors affecting Vibrational spectra - Hydrogen bonding – Structure elucidation using IR and Raman spectra – Resonance Raman scattering – Vibrational spectra of aromatic molecules

### **Unit – II:**

#### **Quantum Chemical Computation**

Molecular Orbital Theory - Basis set – Electronic structure methods – Semi empirical methods – Ab initio methods - density functional theory methods - Z-matrix – geometry optimization – Harmonic Vibrational analysis – Atoms in molecules charges and Bond order – Potential energy surface – Mullikan population analysis – Vibrational circular dichroism intensities – Software: MOPAC, Gaussian

### **Unit – III:**

#### **Natural Bond Orbital Analysis**

Natural bond orbitals and one-particle density matrix – Atomic eigenvectors – Natural atomic orbitals and natural population analysis – Bond eigenvectors – natural hybrids and natural bond orbitals – Natural localized molecular orbitals – Hyperconjugative interaction in NBO analysis.

### **Unit – IV:**

#### **Normal Coordinate Analysis**

Classical theory of molecular vibrations – Construction of force constant matrix F – Internal coordinates in force field calculations – Theory of lattice vibrations – Scale factor calculation – Intensity calculation – Natural internal coordinates – MOLVIB software: General structure input data – Control parameters

### **Unit – V:**

#### **Experimental Techniques**

IR spectrometer instrumentation – IR sources – Sample handling techniques – IR detectors – FTIR spectrometer – FTIR Raman spectrometer – Sample handling techniques – Laser exciting sources – Raman detectors – SERS techniques.





## BOOKS FOR REFERENCE

1. Brain Smith, Infrared Spectral Interpretation – A Systematic Approach , CRC Press, New York, (1999)
2. G.Aruldas, Molecular structure and spectroscopy, prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd., New Delhi-1110001, (2001).
3. G.Socrates, Infrared characteristic group frequencies, John Wiley & Sons, New York, (1980)
4. Ira N.Levine, Quantum chemistry V Ed., Prentice Hall International, Inc., London (2003).
5. Alan E. Reed et al., Chem. Rev. 88 (1988) 899-906.
6. Tom Sundius, MOLVIB User's guide Ver. 2, Helsinki (June 2002)
7. Robert M. Silverstein et al., Spectrometric identification of organic compounds, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, (2003).



## **PAPER – 3(g) : NONLINEAR DYNAMICS**

### **Preamble:**

To understand the basic concepts of nonlinear dynamics. This course provides knowledge about the effects of nonlinearity on dynamical systems

### **Unit – I:**

#### **Nonlinearity, linear and nonlinear oscillators**

Dynamical systems - linear and nonlinear forces - Mathematical implications of nonlinearity - Working definition of nonlinearity - Effects of nonlinearity-Linear oscillators and predictability - Damped and driven nonlinear oscillators.

### **Unit – II:**

#### **Equilibrium points, bifurcations and chaos**

Equilibrium points - General criteria for stability – Classification - Some simple bifurcations - Saddle node, pitch fork, transcritical and Hopf bifurcations - Discrete dynamical systems - Logistic map - Equilibrium points and their stability - period doubling phenomenon - chaos.

### **Unit – III:**

#### **Chaos in nonlinear electronic circuits**

Linear and nonlinear circuit elements - nonlinear circuits - Chua's diode - Autonomous case - Bifurcations and chaos - Chaotic dynamics of MLC circuit- Analogue circuit simulation - Some other useful nonlinear circuit - Colpitt's oscillator.

### **Unit – IV:**

#### **Fractals**

Self similarity - Properties and examples of fractals - Fractal dimension - Construction and properties of some fractals-Middle one third cantor set-Koch curve - Sierpinski triangle-Julia set - Mandelbrot set - Applications of fractals.

### **Unit – V:**

#### **Solitons**

Linear waves - Linear non dispersive wave propagation - Linear dispersive wave propagation - Nonlinear dispersive systems - Korteweg de vries equation - solitary and cnoidal waves - Numerical experiments of Zabusky and Kruskal - birth of solitons - Properties of solitons - applications of solitons. Book For Study: Nonlinear dynamics, Integrability, Chaos, Patterns, M. Lakshmanan and S.Rajasekar, Springer, Berlin, 2003.

### **Books for Reference:**

1. Chaos in nonlinear oscillator, controlling and synchronization, M.Lakshmanan and K.Murali (World Scientific, Singapor,1997.)
2. Deterministic chaos, H.G.Schuster, (Verlag,Weinheim,1998.)



## **PAPER – 3(h): MEDICAL PHYSICS**

### **Preamble:**

To study the basic concepts of medical physics. To make the students to understanding the concepts of Physics in lungs and breathing, sound in medicine, light in medicine, physics of diagnostic X-rays and cardio vascular systems.

### **Unit - I:**

#### **The Physics of the Lungs and Breathing**

The Airways– How the blood interact – Measurement of Lung Volumes – Pressure, Airflow, Volume Relationships of the Lungs – Physics of the Alveoli – The Breathing Mechanism – Airway Resistance – work of Breathing – Physics of some common Lung Diseases. Electricity within the Body: Electric signals – from the Heart (Electro Cardiogram) – From the Brain (Electro encephalogram) – From the Eye (Electro retinogram and electrooculogram) – Magnetic signals from Heart and Brain (Magnetocardiogram and Magnetoencephalogram) – Current Research involving electricity in the body.

### **Unit – II:**

#### **Sound in Medicine**

General properties of sound, the body as a drum (percussion in medicine) – The stethoscope – ultrasound pictures of the body – ultrasound to measure motion – physiological effects of ultrasound in therapy – the production of speech – Physics of the ear and hearing : The outer ear – the middle ear – the inner ear – sensitivity of the ears – testing your hearing – deafness and hearing aids

### **Unit – III:**

#### **Light in Medicine**

Measurement of light and its units – applications of visible light in medicine – applications of ultraviolet and infrared light in medicine – Lasers in Medicine applications of microscopes in medicine – Physics of eye and vision: Focusing elements of the eye – some other elements of the eye – the retina – the light detector of the eye – how sharp are your eye? Optical illusions and related phenomena – defective vision and its correction – colour vision and chromatic aberration – instruments used in ophthalmology.

### **Unit – IV:**

#### **Physics of Diagnostic X-Rays**

Production of X-ray beam – how X-ray are absorbed – making an X-ray image – radiation to patients from X-rays – producing live X-ray images – fluoroscopy – X-ray slices of the body – radiographs taken without film Physics of Radiation Therapy: The dose units used in radiotherapy – the red and the gray – principles of radiation therapy – a short course in radiotherapy planning – megavoltage therapy – short



distance radiotherapy or brachytherapy other radiation sources – closing thought of radiotherapy.

### **Unit – V:**

#### **Physics of the Cardiovascular System**

Major Components of the Cardiovascular system – O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> Exchange in the Capillary system – Work done by the Heart – Blood pressure and its measurement Transmural Pressure– Bernoulli's Principle – Blood flow – Heart Sounds – Cardiovascular Diseases – Functions of Blood Cardiovascular Instrumentation: Biopotentials of the Heart – Electrodes – Amplifiers – Patient Monitoring – Defibrillators – Pacemakers

#### **BOOK FOR STUDY**

1. Medical Physics–John R.Cameron & James G.Skofronick (John Wiley&Sons, New York1978)



## **PAPER – 3(i): RADIATION PHYSICS**

### **Preamble:**

To teach the students about the basic concepts of radiation physics. To impart knowledge on radiation and interaction, principles of radiation detection and measurement, radiation therapy techniques, diagnostic radiology and radiation protection.

### **Unit-I:**

#### **Radiation and Interactions**

Interaction of Electromagnetic radiation with matter – Photoelectric and Compton process – pair production – interaction of particles with matter – neutrons – heavy ions – nuclear reactions and production of radioisotopes – radiation sources – natural and artificial radio active for medical applications – Bethe- Bloch formula.

### **Unit – II:**

#### **Principles of Radiation Detection and Measurement**

Radiation units and definitions – G.M. Counter – Scintillation detectors – Solid state detectors – Photofilm method - Pocket dosimeter – TLD - FBX dosimeters.

### **Unit – III:**

#### **Radio Therapy Techniques**

Telegamma unit – accelerators for therapy – Iridium and cobalt needles – preparation of tracers and labeled compound – uses of radioisotopes (Gamma and beta) in brachytherapy. Dosimetry in medical applications – beta particles dose computation for biological models – dosimetry of internally administered isotopes Principles and overview of conformal radiotherapy, SRS, SRT and IMRT.

### **Unit – IV:**

#### **Diagnostic Radiology**

The physical basis of diagnostic radiology – the diagnostic X-ray tube – electrical circuits – rating of the x-ray unit – factors on which quality and quantity of x-ray production depends – geometric factor which influences the radiographic image – fluoroscopy – tomography – radio isotopes in clinical medicine – rectilinear scanner – gamma camera.

### **Unit – V:**

#### **Radiation Protection**

Philosophy behind radiation protection – basic concepts of MPD – recent ICRP recommendations – tissues at risk – risk factor – evaluation of internal and external radiation hazards – transport and waste disposal of radioactive materials.



## **REFERENCES**

- 1) Meredith and Massay. "Fundamental Physics of Radiology", John Wright & Sons Jones M.E. and Cunningham J, "Physics of Radiology", Charles C. Thomas, USA, 1984. Page 15 of 18
- 2) Knoll, "Radiation Detection and Measurement", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1982.
- 3) Mould R.F, "Radiation Protection", Adam Hilger's Boston, 1985.
- 4) Govindarajan K.N, "Advanced Medical Radiation Dosimetry", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1992



## **PAPER- 3(j) :**

### **ALTERNATIVE ENERGY CONVERSION DEVICES**

#### **Preamble:**

To introduce knowledge on alternative energy sources. To introduce the importance and overview of alternate energy sources. To make the students learn the basics of various energy conversion devices

#### **Unit – I:**

##### **Introduction and Overview of Alternative Energy Sources and Utilization**

Global energy budget – origins of fossil fuels – Principles of energy conversion: thermodynamic first and second laws – the Carnot cycle – Solar energy: Solar intensity and spectrum – global solar energy potential and current level of utilization – Photovoltaic: history – principles and theoretical limits – Solar cells and modules – semiconductor materials – single and multiple layer p-n junction diodes – Solar cells and modules – maximum power output – energy efficiency – quantum efficiency – Solar cells: characterization and modeling – Photovoltaic utilization.

#### **Unit – II:**

##### **Fundamentals of Electrochemistry and Electrode Kinetics**

Charge transfer reaction and reaction kinetics – Third-generation solar cells: dye-sensitized photocell – organic/polymer solar cell-Fuel cells: overview of types – basic operation and performance – Fuel cells: catalysis – Fuel cells: charge and mass transport – PEM fuel cells' Molten carbonate fuel cells – Solid oxide fuel cells – Overview of fuel cell systems: fuel-cell stack and thermal management.

#### **Unit – III:**

Hydrogen as a Renewable Energy Source Sources of Hydrogen, Fuel cell – Principle of working – construction and applications – Fuel for Vehicles – Hydrogen Production: Direct electrolysis of water, thermal decomposition of water, biological and biochemical methods of hydrogen production – Storage of Hydrogen: Gaseous, Cryogenic and Metal hydride – Environmental impact.

#### **Unit – IV:**

##### **Batteries**

Primary and Secondary batteries - principles and application – Lithium batteries, Lithium ion and polymer batteries. Super-capacitors: principles and working, electrode materials synthesis process, fabrication of the devices and their applications.

#### **Unit – V:**

##### **Biomass Utilization**

Biodiesel and ethanol, Biomass utilization, Nuclear Energy: Potential of



Nuclear Energy, International Nuclear Energy Policies and Regulations. Nuclear Energy Technologies – Fuel enrichment, Different Types of Nuclear Reactors, Nuclear Waste Disposal, and Nuclear Fusion.

## REFERENCES:

1. Renewable Sources of Energy and Conversion Systems: N.K.Bansal and M.K.Kleeman.
2. Principles of Thermal Process : Duffie -Beckman
3. Solar Energy Handbook: Kreith and Kreider (McGrawHill)
4. Solar Cell : Marteen A. Green
5. Solar Hydrogen Energy Systems -T. Ohta (Ed.) (Pergamon Press)
6. Hydrogen Technology for Energy – D.A.Maths (Noyes Data Corp.)
7. Handbook : Batteries and Fuel cell – Linden (Mc.Graw Hill)
8. Batteries Volume (I) and (II) – Collins
9. Fuel Cell Fundamentals :O'Hayre, Suk-Won Cha, Whitney Colella, and Fritz B. Prinz, 2nd ed, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
10. Energy Storage Materials: S.Selladurai Proceedings, 2010
11. Practical Photovoltaics: Electricity from Solar Cells, 3rd Ed. Richard J. Komp, Aatec Publications, Ann Arbor, MI, 2002





## **PAPER – 3(k) : LASERS AND APPLICATIONS**

### **Preamble:**

To facilitates the students with theoretical aspects of laser theory and its applications. To provide the knowledge on laser theory, resonators and switching theory, gas & liquid lasers, solid state & semiconductor lasers and their applications.

### **Unit – I:**

#### **Laser Theory**

Absorption - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - threshold conditions for laser action - Line broadening, Mechanism - Lorentzian and Doppler line shapes - Small signal gain - Gain coefficient - gain saturation - Rate equations for 3 and 4 level systems.

### **Unit – II:**

#### **Resonators and Switching Theory**

Resonant cavity - Fox and Li - Boyd and Gorden's theory on resonators - modes - Spot size - Types of resonators - Mode selection - Q switching theory and technique - Mode locking theory and technique.

### **Unit – III:**

#### **Gas and Liquid Lasers**

He-Ne, Argon Ion, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen - Metal vapour - Gas dynamics - Excimer - Free electron lasers - Dye lasers organic dyes - Pulsed and CW dye lasers - Threshold conditions - Pumping configurations.

### **Unit – IV:**

#### **Solid State And Semiconductor Lasers**

Ruby, Nd : YAG, Nd : Glass, Ti-sapphire, Alexandrite, lasers - Semiconductor lasers - Homo function - Hetro function - Quantum well laser. Unit – V: Applications (12 hrs) Speckle, speckle interferometry - Holography - Holographic interferometry - Material processing - Surface treatment - welding, drilling - Laser ranging - Laser Doppler Velocimetry - Pollution monitoring - Medical applications.

### **REFERENCES**

1. Laser Fundamentals, William T. Silfvast, Cambridge University Press, 1999.
2. Osha, Callen and Rhcdes, "An Introduction to Lasers and their Applications", Addison Wesley, 1985.
3. A.Yariv, "Quantum Electronics", Third Edn., Addison-Wesley 1990.
4. Hariharan, "Optical Holography", Academic Press, New York, 1983.
5. Erf.R.K."Speckle Metrology", Academic Press, New York, 1978.

